



АВТОНОМНАЯ НЕКОММЕРЧЕСКАЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯ ВЫСШЕГО ОБРАЗОВАНИЯ
**«РУССКАЯ ХРИСТИАНСКАЯ ГУМАНИТАРНАЯ
АКАДЕМИЯ
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**ИНФОРМАЦИЯ ДЛЯ ПОДГОТОВКИ
К ПРОХОЖДЕНИЮ ВСТУПИТЕЛЬНЫХ ИСПЫТАНИЙ
ДЛЯ ПОСТУПАЮЩИХ
НА ПРОГРАММУ КОЛЛЕДЖА**

**УЧИТЕЛЬ НАЧАЛЬНЫХ КЛАССОВ
С УГЛУБЛЕННЫМ ИЗУЧЕНИЕМ
ИНОСТРАННОГО ЯЗЫКА**

Санкт-Петербург

2023

**Вступительные испытания для поступающих на программу Колледжа РХГА
УЧИТЕЛЬ НАЧАЛЬНЫХ КЛАССОВ С УГЛУБЛЕННЫМ ИЗУЧЕНИЕМ
ИНОСТРАННОГО ЯЗЫКА проводится в два этапа.**

Первый этап:

Прохождение письменного тестирования по английскому языку. Тестовые задания включают в себя 43 вопроса. Правильный ответ на каждый из вопросов оценивается в 1 балл, максимальный возможный результат прохождения теста – 43 балла. Положительным считается результат в 22 балла и выше.

На прохождение письменного тестирования абитуриенту отводится 40 минут.

Второй этап:

Прохождение устного собеседования на английском языке. Критериями оценивания являются успешность решения коммуникативной задачи, беглость и языковое оформление речи (разнообразие и правильное использование словарного запаса и грамматических структур), логичность и связность высказывания.

Каждый из показателей оценивается следующим образом:

Решение коммуникативной задачи (содержание высказывания, полнота ответов на вопросы)	Беглость речи, фонетическая сторона речи (правильность произношения и интонационного рисунка, отсутствие долгих пауз)	Логичность и связность высказывания	Лексическое оформление высказывания (разнообразие и правильность использования изученной лексики)	Грамматическое оформление высказывания (разнообразие и правильность использования изученных грамматических структур)
3 балла	1 балл	1 балл	3 балла	2 балла

Максимальный возможный результат прохождения устного собеседования – 10 баллов. Положительным считается результат 5 баллов и выше.

Для прохождения устного собеседования абитуриенту отводится не более 20 минут.

ПРИМЕРНЫЕ ВОПРОСЫ ПИСЬМЕННОГО ТЕСТА ПО АНГЛИЙСКОМУ ЯЗЫКУ

Вариант 1.

Read the cruise brochure AND then answer the true/false questions.

Read the text AND then answer the questions. Choose 'True' if the statement agrees with the information in the text, 'False' if it contradicts the information in the text, 'Not Given' if there is no information on this in the text. For English speakers, English Language Teaching has been a very successful business. For the last 35 years students from all over the world have rushed to England to learn English. In the 1970s and 80s people could become rich very fast if they owned a language school. As well as London, towns and cities, like Oxford, Cambridge, Brighton and Bournemouth, made huge profits from mostly teenage and twenty-somethings coming to England to study English.

Today more than 30% of the schools that were teaching English twenty years ago have gone bankrupt.

What happened and what can be done?

Firstly, the market changed. In the 70s and 80s most students came from countries with money such as Italy, Spain, Switzerland etc. Today most students come from central and eastern Europe, Asia etc. They are not necessarily poorer but they are looking for value for money. They don't just want a holiday in England, they want good English teaching. Many schools didn't take notice of this change.

Secondly, students wanted a different type of English. Fewer students want cheap summer courses or just English for conversation. They want Business English. They also want to choose different things to study with English. If you don't let your students have some choice then your school will eventually fail.

Basically speaking, schools thought students would keep coming and spending their money. They didn't. Schools now have to negotiate their futures with the students. Students don't want the set meal, they want to choose from the menu.

Finally, people don't see the need to go to England to learn English. Students had thought the best way to learn English was to go to a school in England. Now, because language schools in the home countries have got much better, students don't feel the need to go to the UK. Students also now realise that maybe they can learn better with their own bilingual teachers from their country than with native speakers of English. After all, they learnt English too and know the problems.

It's not all bad news for schools in England. English language teaching will not become extinct. However, schools now have to learn to change. They have to think as a business. They have to provide what the customer wants to remember that their competitors are not only in England. They are everywhere.

1 Today English language teaching is far less profitable than thirty years ago.

True / False / Not Given

2 Only London profited from teaching English to foreign students.

True / False / Not Given

3 Most students now want primarily English for conversation.

True / False / Not Given

4 England has always been more popular with students than the US.

True / False / Not Given

5 Today students want more diversity in English language courses.

True / False / Not Given

6 Nowadays most students prefer to study English in their home countries rather than go to the UK.

True / False / Not Given

7 English language teaching in England is in a difficult situation partly because of the competition from overseas schools.

True / False / Not Given

8 English language teaching should by no means be regarded as a business.

True / False / Not Given

For each question, choose which of the four possible answers fits the space best and write THE CORRECT LETTER into the blank.

9. She is very _____ of what she has done.
A. proud B. delighted C. pleased D. satisfied

10. Young people were _____ in joining the project.

A. eager B. keen C. willing D. interested

11. _____ about 300 years ago, power came from the wind, from water, or from the strength of humans and animals.

A. Until B. After C. Since D. During

12. The earliest computers were as big as buildings and needed huge _____ of electricity to work.

A. numbers B. quantity C. amounts D. mass

13. The Internet _____ job seekers with a quick and easy way to find out what's available.

A. ensures B. serves C. delivers D. provides

14. John is _____ about the prospect of doing something he's never done before.

A. excited B. fascinated C. keen D. fond

15. English will be taught to all students _____ of their background.

A. despite B. regardless C. notwithstanding D. however

16. The laptop computer was three times _____ we'd expected.

A. as expensive than B. as expensive C. more expensive than D. just as expensive

Choose correct explanations for words IN CAPITALS

17. City centres are dynamic and change is UNAVOIDABLE.

- A. The changes are for the worse.
- B. The changes are natural and cannot be stopped.
- C. The changes are a positive factor.

18. Their styles of life were INCOMPATIBLE.

- A. Their styles of life were very similar.
- B. Their styles of life were completely different.
- C. Their styles of life were difficult to describe.

19. Textbooks have ERRONEOUSLY called this an oxygen deficit machine.

- A. The machine has been given an unusual name.
- B. The machine has been given a name which is difficult to pronounce.
- C. The machine has been given an incorrect name.

Fill in the blanks using the correct form of the words given.

20. Everyone found his argument very _____. (POWER)

21. She _____ found it easy to go to sleep at night. (USUAL)

22. One of the main _____ of the city was its superb transport system. (ATTRACT)

23. Her husband is a _____ businessman. (SUCCESS)

24. He's never been interested in _____ a teacher. (BECOME)

25. Good education is _____. (ESSENCE)

26. The main advantage of the idea is its _____. (SIMPLE)

27. What are the _____ for a career in accounting? (REQUIRE)

28. Each school has its strengths and _____. (WEAK)

Вариант 2

Read the cruise brochure AND then answer the true/false questions.

Cruises - Luxury Every Day

Come and sail on a Crystal Cruise ship. We have three ships: The Crystal Queen, The Crystal Princess, The Crystal Palace.

Come and sail in luxury on cruises around the Caribbean Sea for 7 or 14 days.

Our seven-day cruise costs \$2000 and our two-week cruise is \$3500.

A typical one week cruise

Day One - departure from Miami

Day Two - free day in Nassau, in The Bahamas

Day Three - near Haiti

Day Four - visit Puerto Rico and Antigua

Day Five - free day in Barbados

Day Six - free day in Port of Spain, Trinidad

Day Seven - travel to Caracas, Venezuela

Day Eight - fly home.

All food and drink is included in the price of your cruise (except for alcoholic drinks). Our cruise ships all have a casino, a cinema, a five-star restaurant, a theatre, a library and a fully equipped gymnasium.

If you prefer to go on a cruise in another part of the world, we also organize cruises in the Baltic Sea and the Mediterranean.

Our ships carry over 2000 passengers and we have nearly 600 crew members.

So come on board today for the holiday of a lifetime!

Call immediately: 020-4455832

1. Your cruise starts in the Bahamas.

True / False

2. You have a free day in Antigua.

True / False

3. You can go on a cruise for two weeks.

True / False

4. There are three different ships in the Crystal Cruises company.

True / False

5. There is a cinema on board each ship.

True / False

6. The cruise finishes in a different country.

True / False

7. You can keep fit while you are on board the cruise ship.

True / False

8. The company only does cruises in the Caribbean.

True / False

For each question, choose which of the four possible answers fits the space best and write THE CORRECT LETTER into the blank.

9. This house is so old now. When it rains, the windows leak and the roof needs to be replaced soon. _____, we love it and would never move to another.

A. nevertheless B. although C. though D. despite

10. You can't ignore this problem any longer. You have to _____ with it so we can go on with the plan.

A. deal B. do C. solve D. beat

11. I don't like watching soap operas and films on TV. I prefer documentaries with _____ people talking about their lives.

A. reality B. real C. authentic D. genuine

12. Has someone moved the drinks _____ the table while I was gone? I'm sure that glass in front of Peter was mine.

A. off B. along C. around D. on

13. We couldn't find the hotel and it was getting dark _____ we got out a map and studied it carefully.

A. so B. and C. but D. if

14. Well, according to the timetable, a bus should be along in _____ two minutes. But I wouldn't be surprised if we had to wait another half an hour!

A. less B. below C. about D. round

15. Martin Jones, _____ as the Gentle Bank Robber during his three-year reign, was jailed for 25 years today at the Central Court.

A. named B. reputed C. called D. known

16. I was born about 30km _____ Rome but have always lived in Great Britain.

A. from B. to C. far D. near

Choose correct explanations for words IN CAPITALS

17. The shopping bag is REUSABLE

- A. Throw the shopping bag away, we won't need it again
- B. Don't throw away the shopping bag because we can use it again
- C. If you throw the shopping bag we cannot use it again

18. This newspaper is BIWEEKLY not a BIMONTHLY

- A. The newspaper is published once a week
- B. The newspaper is published twice a month
- C. The newspaper is published twice a week

19. We usually do not publish articles we don't preview

- A. We usually read articles before publication
- B. We do not read articles after publication
- C. We read articles the day we publish them

Fill in the blanks using the correct form of the words given.

e.g. After moving to a country house, she found the real HAPPINESS. (HAPPY)

20. Keep this diamond in a safe place because it's very _____. (VALUE)

21. Nobody can find the _____ to the first math problem. (SOLVE)

22. After a long injury, Alex now works with great _____. (ENTHUSE)

23. Because of a serious _____ Nathalie has been in hospital for a week. (ILL)

24. An _____ of the factory building was finished and it was cleared safe. (INSPECT)

25. She is an ambitious woman. She has worked hard all her _____. (LIVE)

26. The children looked unhappy and _____. (MISERY)

27. Please send your _____ to info@trxder.com. (APPLY)

28. The children's _____ was obvious at the party. (EXCITE)

ПРИМЕРНЫЕ ВОПРОСЫ УСТНОГО СОБЕСЕДОВАНИЯ НА АНГЛИЙСКОМ ЯЗЫКЕ

- 1) Where are you from? What do you like and dislike about living in your hometown?
- 2) What are the subjects you enjoy studying at school and why? What subjects do you dislike?
- 3) Why would you like to study at our college? Is your choice connected with your career plans?
- 4) Talk about your experience of learning languages. How long have you been learning English/other foreign languages? What aspects of language learning are the easiest/the most difficult for you? Do you practice foreign languages outside the classroom? Do you use your language skills in everyday life/during your trips? Do you do anything to improve your language skills?
- 5) What do you enjoy doing in your free time?
- 6) Is it easy or difficult for you to make friends? What kind of people are your friends?
- 7) Talk about the last book you read/the last film you saw/the last concert or any other cultural event you went to.
- 8) What are your holiday plans?